SIX DOLLARS PRE TRAR Invariably in Advance . Holl

Che Ohio Statesman DAILY, TRI-WERKLY AND WERKLY MANYPENNY & MILLER.

PUBLISH: RS AND PROPRIETORS, Office Nos. 36, 38 and 40, North Righ St TERMS INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

Oally - 98 00 per year.

" By the Carrier, per week, 18% cents.

Tri-Weskly - 8 00 per year.

Weekly - 1 00

crms of Advertising by the Square. ne square l year...\$20 00 | One square 3 weeks..\$4 00 One | 9 mor.ths 18 00 | One | 2 weeks...3 00 One | 6 months 15 00 | One | 1 weeks... 1 75 One | 3 months 10 00 | One | 3 days... 1 00 One | 4 months 8 00 | One | 9 days... 75 One | 1 months 5 00 | One | 1 insertion 50 Displayed advertisements half more than the above

Advertisements leaded and placed in the column of funcial Notices," double the ordinary rates.
All polices required to be published by law, legal rates, if ordered on the inside exclusively size the first week per cent, more than the above rates; but all such wild appear in the Tri-Weekly without charge.

Business Cards, not exceeding fire lines, per year, include \$2.

Notices of meetings charitables consider fire agreements.

A do, \$2.50 per line; outside \$2.

Notices of meetings, charitables ocieties, fire companies, &o., half price.

All transfess advertisements must be paid for in a leance. The rule will not be varied from.

Weekly, came price as the Daily, where the advertiser sea the Weekly alone. Where he Daily and Weekly are both used, then the charge for the Weekly will be a if the rates of the Daily.

No advertisement taken except for a definite period.

BUSINESS CARDS.

EAGLE BRASS WORKS,

Corner Spring & Water Sts., Columbus, Ohio. W. B. POTTS & CO. MACHINISTS,

Electro Plating and Gilding!! STENCIL CUTTING, &C.

and Manufacturers of Brass and Composition Cast Finished Brass Work of all Descriptions.

F. A. B. SIMKINS, Attorney at Law AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

Office-Amis:a Suilding, opposite Capitol Square.

COLUMBUS



STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS, Nos. 36, 38 & 40, North High St. Castings, Mill-Gearing, Machinery.

ALBO, Railroad Work OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. COLUMBUS, OHIO.

P. AMBOS, Treas

Winter Arrangement. Little Miami & Columbus & Xenia

RAILROADS. For Cincinnati, Dayton & Indianapolisi Through to Indianapolis without Change of Care and but One Change of Cars between

Columbus and St. Louis.

THREE TRAINS DAILY FROM COLUM-

FIRST TRAIN. . (Bally, Mondays excepted.)
NIGHT EXPRESS, etc Dayton, at 2:45 s. m., stopping at London, Xank. Dayton, Middletown and Hamilton, arriving at Cincinnati at 8:20 s. m.; Dayton at 5:45 s. m., Indianopolis at 10:48 s. m.; Et. Louis at 11:30 SECOND TRAIN.

ACCOMMODATION, at 6:10 a. m., stopping at all Stations between Columbus and Cincinnati and Dayton, arriving at Cincinnati 11:02 a. m., Dayton at 2:15 a. m., Indianopolis af 2:28 p. m.,
THIRD TRAIN.

DAY EXPRESS, at 2:30 p. m., stopping at Alton, Jefferson, London, Charleston, Cedarville, Kenla, Spring Valley, Corwin, Morrow, Deerfield, Foster's, Spring Valley, Corwin, Morrow, Deerfield, Foster's, Coreland, Miliford and Plainville, arriving at Cincin-nati at 7:50 p. m.; St. Louis at 12 m; Dayton at 5:35 p. m.; Indianopolis at 10:38 p. m. Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains to Cincinnati and Indianapolis.

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH. For further information and Through Tickets apply to M. L. DOHERTY, Ticket Agent, Union Depot, Columbus, Ohio.
E. W. WOODWARD,
Superintendent, Clasimatt.
JNO. W. DOHERTY
Agent, Columbus,

HOLIDAYS.

FANCIES.
Such articles as you desire for your HUSBAND Such as you need for your WIFE. Such as are proper for your DAUGHTER. Such as your BISTER will praise you for. Such as your BROTHER can use. Buch as you wont for "THE ONE YOU LOVE BEST. Buch as will be good for the " BLESSED BABY." Such as all seek for.

May be found in variety, in my new stock of WATCHES, CHAINS, JEWELRY, PLATED GOODS,

Fancy and Useful Articles. WM. BLYNN December, 1800. No. 10 Buckeye Block.

Just Received! Just Received!

100 MF, CH GREEN and BLACK
150 peckets old Dutch Government Java Coffee.
150 peckets old Dutch Government Java Coffee.
200 bits. sandard White Sugars, consisting of Powdred, Chrahed, Granulated A and B Coffee.
50 quintals George Bank Codfab.
20 bits. Mess and No. 1 Mackerel.
5 tes. Pick Estmon.
100 bx. Layer Bassins.
50 hf. hox de do
100 qr. box de de
100 M Cigars, different brands and grades.
nov27

M. C. LILLEY BOOK BINDER And Blank-Book Manufanturer.

MORTH HIGH STREET, COLUMBUS, ORIO FAMILY PLOUR. WHETE WHEAT, BRANDED

"SNOWFLAKE."

From "Barnett Mills," Springfield, O.—the best brand of Flour brought to our market. Satisfaction guaranteed, For sale only at WM. McDONALD'S, nov??

CALICON, DELANES, MERLINGS, Connect THES, MAKES SELES, and all Ends of finishments Winter Dress Goods.
re are new effering at very low prices.
FRYTH BAIN,
death.
He, 10 South Eighstreet

STONE'S BAZAAR.

No. 4 Gwynne Block.

A. P. STONE & O'HARRA A. I. DIUNE & UIAKKA

ARENOW RECEIVING THEIR WINA TER GOODS, and invite the public to impect
them. No such stock of Goods has ever been brought to
this market. The Bouth, in consequence of the failure
of the grain crop, has not been able to purchase the ususil quantity of rich goods, and this fact has forced the
importers to sell them at public auction. Our buyer
(Mr. Stone) being in New York at these large sales, took
advantage of them, and we can and will sell our goods
here, at less than any one who purchased two weeks since,
paid for them in New York. Our stock is complete in
every department of

ELEGANT DRESS SILKS, OTTOMAN VELOURS, BROCHE VALENCIAS PRINTED MEBINOS, PRINTED COBURGS,

BLACK ALPACAS, FANCY WOVEN FABRICS. ALL WOOL DELAINES, POPLINS, PRINTS DELAINES.

SHAWLS AND CLOAKS

Five Thausand Dollars Worth Bought in One Day,

At one half the Cost of Importation LADIES' FURS. u all Varieties, of the Colebrated Manufature of C. G. Gun-

thers & Son. HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Men's, Ladies and Children's Under Shirts and Drawers Ladies, Misses and Children's Hosiery of all kinds, in Wool and Lamb's Wool; Pleecy Lined and Cotton Gloves

A complete assortment of all the usual varie LADIES' CLOTHS,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, OVERCOATINGS, TWEEDS, FLANNELS, ... RIBBONS, DRESS TRIMMINGS,

kerchiefs, &c., &c.

Ladies and Gent's Linen Cambric Hand-

OHIO STATESMAN HOUSE.

INCREASED FACILITIES!

AGCURACY, CHRAPMESS, DISPATCH

HAVING MOVED INTO MY NEW BUILDING. -I HAVE-

Greatly Enlarged BOOK & JOB DEPARTMENT

WHILE BOTH HAVE BEEN REPLENISHED THROUGHOUT -WITH-New Types, Borders, Ornaments, &c.

FROM THE CELEBRATED FOUNDRY OF C. T. WHITE & CO., NEW YORK, THUS MAKING IT THE Most Complete Establishment

IN THE CITY. I am now prepared to Execute all Orders for BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING, WITH DISPATCH! And in the Most Approved Style of the Art.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO BREANTILE AND RAILBOAD

PRINTING. Bills of Lading, Circulars, Bill Heads, Blanks, Deeds, Certificates, Receipts, Dray Tickets, Registers,

HOW CARDS & BILLS IN COLORS. NOTES. ENVELOPES. READINGS. CONTRACTS.

Illustrated Show Bills FOR COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

Show Bills, Hand Bills, Labels, Concert Pro-grammes, School and College Schemes, Ho-tel Bills of Fare, Invitations, &c.

Book Work OF EVERY DESCRIPTION School and College Catalogues,
Miscellaneous Pamphlets,
Constitutions, Reports, Briefs, &c

Printing in Gold and Colors POSTERS

Printed in Every Color on a

Mammoth Hoe Cylinder The only Press of the kind in Central Ohio. hiy facilities for doing any and all of the above descrip-tions of work, are now unsur, assed, and satisfaction will be guaranteed in all cases.

If all work farmished promptly by the time promised RIGHARD NEVINS.

RIGHARD MÉVINS.

GOLDEN HILL SHIER TS,
GOLDEN HILL SHIERTS.
The pattern of these shirty are new. The Bodies, Yokes, sleeves and bosoms are formed to fit the person with ease and comfort. The mark upon each doe designating the size may be relied on as being correct, and cach shirt is guaranteed well made. A full stock of all qualities constantly for sale at

RAIN'S,
No. 39 South High street.

Watches and Jewelry. FINE ASSORTMENT OF WATCH R. KIBEPATRICK'S.

II JI INVITE ATTENTION to some of the PECTORAL SYRUP.

They are at home, and any one who has doubts can in quire of the person who have been cared by it.

DR. KEYSER IS PREPARED AT ANY TIME TO EXAMINE LUNGS WITHOUT CHARGE, FOR ALL THOSE WHO NEED HIS MEDICINES. ATTEND TO YOUR COLDS -A case of five years anding cored by DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP

DR. KEYSER:—My wife has been afflicted with a bad cough and difficulty of breathing, for five or six years, which, for several years back, had gradually increased in violence. The complaint has been hereditary, and she had been treated by several physicians without any relief. In this state of her case, I procured some of your Pectoral Cough Syrup. I bought, the first time, a fifty cent bottle, which relieved her very much; I then called and got a dollar bottle, which cured her entirely, and she has now no trace of the former disease, except weakness. I would also state that I used the medicine myself to a cold and cough. The medicine cured me by taking one dose I express my entire satisfaction with the medicine, and you are at liberty to publish this if you desire to do so.

Alderman Fifth Ward. PITTSBURGH, Jan. 11, 1860.

Privateran, Nov. 18, 1858.

DR. Kryser:—Aithough not an advocate of Patent Medicines, in general, it affords me pleasure indescribable to recommend your Pectoral Syrup. As a medicine it is well worthy the attention of any person who may in any manner be afflicted with coughs, colds and hoarseness of any hind, and for the peculiar qualifications for removing all that disagreeable sensation attending a severe cold.

I have been, more as less the sensation attending a severe cold.

vere cold.

I have been, more or less, in my life, affected with the severest of colds and hearseness. At times my throat would become so closed as to prevent my speaking above a whisper, and by taking a few doess of the above Byrup it would relieve me entirely.

In recommending this medicine, I must unhesitatingly say that it is the best remedy I ever found, purporting to care the above, nor should any family be without this remedy for diseases so prevalent.

Yours, most respectfully,

EDWARD J. JONES,

Cashier Clitican' Deposit Bank.

I have used Dr. Reyeer's Cough Byrup for a bad cough of several years standing, and can cheerfully say it is the best medicine for the same that I have ever taken.

J. W. PRIOE.

COL. PRATT AND DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP.—DR. KEYSER—Dear Sir: Excuse the delay of my acknowledging the excellence of your Fectoral Cough Syrup sconer. I take great pleasure in saying that it is all you say it is. Althocked the noise out of my cough and the werst one I was ever afflicted with: I have not used more than one-half of the bottle, and I can and do wish that all who are afflicted would give it as fair a trial as I have done, and they will be proud to say, "It is no quack medicine." I would not suffer another such an attack for any consideration, or at any cost. I am confident I can breathe more freely than I ever did. I shall always acknowledge a debt of gratitude for inventing so excellent a remedy. You are at liberty to use my name in this regard, as you think proper E. F. PRATT.

Messenger Common Council, Pittsburgh, Pa. Pittsburgh, May 11, 1859.

N. B — I am no stranger to my fellow-citizens, and who entertain doubts can consult me personally.

Perrysecan, April 24, 1857.

READ THE TRUTH.—Da. Krysza: I have a daughter who has taken several medicines for a had cough, without benefit—among them Ayer's Cherry Pectorni.—I purchased from you a bottle of your PROTOMAL SYRUP, and before she had used half a bottle she was relieved. The second bottle cured her entirely of her cough.

Robinson street, Allegheny.

PRTYBRURARN, December, 31, 1853.

A GREAT CURE BY DR, KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP,—I live in Peebles township, Allegheny county. I had a coughing and spitting, which commenced acout the 4th of February last, and continued eight months. I employed the best physicians in the country, and my cough continued unabsted until early in October. At that time I was advised to try your PECTOHAL COUGH SYBUP, which I did, and after I had taken one bottle I was entirely free from the coughing and spitting. I had despaired of ever getting well, and I think it should be known that this valuable remedy will do for others what it has done in my case.

JOHN C. LITTLE, Witness—B. M. KERR. Peebles townhip.

was entirely free from the coughing and spitting. I had despaired of ever getting well, and I think it should be known that this valuable remedy will do for others what it has done in my case.

JOHN'S Performance of European industry, for already in default of the monopoly of manufactured products towards which she is tending, she becomes of neighbor of mine was very ill, with a bad cough which every one supposed to be consumption. His relatives told me that he had taken every remedy they heard of without benefit; his brother came to see him die, and all were confirmed in the belief that he could not live. I had about the third of a bottle of your Pecteral Byrup, which I gave him, and it entirely cured him, to the astonishment of all. What makes the case more remarkable, is the extreme age of the man, he being abouteighty years old. I have no doubt the Pecteral swed his life.

JOHMN' GINNIS.

DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP IN PLAIRS-VILLE.—Please send me another supply of your valu-able "Pectoral Syrup." Almost everybody around us has the cold and are inquiring for "Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup." We have sold sixteen bottles last week, and are now entirely out. Mr. A. Alter and Mr. P. Maher, both of Blairsville, Pa., tell us they would not be without it in their families. In fact, all who use it once want it waste. Vours respectibile.

Yours, respectfully, Yours, respectfully, J. S. WATTERSON & SONS

ANOTHER NEW CERTIFICATE—DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP.—I had been trombled with a cough and cold for several weeks—so bad was it that I could not sleep. I had the advice and prescriptions from three of the best physicians in the city, whom I could name, but do not do so. I finally proured a bottle of your Pectoral Syrup, which cured me entirely. Signed.

J. W. EIMONTON.

236 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. Pa., Jan. 9, 1800.

"STOP THAT COUGHING."—How can I do fit? "Go to Keyser's on Wood street and get a bottle of his Cough Pectoral, and if that don't cure you, your case must be desperate indeed." This is a specimen of the colloquy one hears almost every day in cold catching periods of the year. And we can, from scutar experiment, cheer fully concur in the adviser's admonition as above, for we have tried the "Pectoral," in a most stubborn cass, with entire success. Near two weeks ago we went to Pittsburgh, with one of the most distressing, contrary, mullah, unsubduable coughs we ever experienced since our advent upon this mundane sphere. We coughed steadily and laboriously for one whole week, in hopes of tirring it own, but it was no go. In fact it seemed rather to have improved by practice, and to have acquired strength, potency and distressibility by the eperation. In this stage of the inevitable consequence of a feder-produced affly cent bottle of the "Pectoral," to do not appear to understand that a servile according to directions, and in forty-sight hours we were master of the field, the enemy having unconditionally surregulared, after a brief but unequal conflict with so formidable an adversary as Kaysar's famous "Gough Pectoral."—Drounselle Chipper, Leo. 14, 1859.

The surface and cotton, constitutes for them, more, perhaps, than, out which, more, perhaps, than, out of the perhaps, than, sugar, coffee and cotton, constitutes for the easily force which, more, perhaps, than, out of the perhaps, than, sugar, coffee and cotton, constitutes for the easily force when an imperious necessity. There is no need to disguise it, the deprivation of those two disguise it, the deprivation of those two adds:

Since the above proceedings were in type we have met Major Hawkins, who is now on his way to the western States, to buy corn, as agent for his friends and neighbors. He should take place peaceably, and not under the mental streets which way to the western States, to the western States to supply the destitute. It then the inevitable and "STOP THAT COUGHING."-'How can I do ft?"

DR. KRYSER'S PROTORAL SYRUP is prepared and sold by Dr. GRORGE H. KRYSER, 140 Wood street, sold by Dr. GEORGE H. KEYEER, 140 Wood stree Pittsburgh, Pa. III Sold in Columbus by ROBERTS & SAMUEL.

TOOTHACHE REMEDY.

A SURE CURE

Prepared and sold by DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, Price, 25 cents. 140 Wood st., Pitts II P Sold in Columbus by BOBERTS & SAMUEL.

JAS. M. M'KER. WM. H. RESTIEAUX.

The Family Meeting.

We are all here; We are all here;
Father, mother,
Bister, brother,
All who hold each other dear.
Each chair is filled; we'ere all at heme!
To night let no cold stranger come.
It is not often thus around
Our old familiar hearth we're found.
Bless, then, the meeting and the spot;
For once be every care forgot;
Let gentle peace assert her power,
And kind affection rule the hour,
We're all—all here.

We're not all here! We're not all here!
Some are away—the dead ones dear,
Who threnged with us this ancient hearth,
And gave the hour to guileless mirth.
Fate, with a stern, relentless hand,
Looked in and thinned one little hand;
Some like a night-flath passed away,
And some sank lingering day by day;
The quiet graveyard—some list there—
And cruel ocean has his share.

We're not all here.

We are all here!

Even they—the dead—though dead, so dearFond memory, to her duty true,
Brings back their faded forms to view.
How life-lire, through the mist of years,
Each well remembered face appears!
We see them, as in times long past;
From each to each kind looks are east;
We hear their words, their smiles behold;
They're round us as they were of old.

We dre all here.

We are all here; We are all here;
Father, mother,
flister, brother,
flister, brother,
You that I love, with love so dear.
This may not long of us be said;
Boon must we join the gathered dead;
And by the hearth we now at round,
Some other circle will be found.
Ohl then, that wisdom may we know,
Which yields a life of peace below;
So, in the world to follow this,
May each repeat in words of biles,
We're all—all here.

Transmisted from Le Pays, of Paris, Feb. 13, for New York Heraid. The Policy of the Western Powers Towards the Southern Confederacy.

Will the revelation of the dangers which Will the revelation of the dangers which ests at stake in the American crisis, a solution would accrue to Europe from a break up on the ests at stake in the American crisis, a solution other side of the ocean be newerful enough to which may be satisfactory to all—namely, an which may be satisfactory to all—namely, an amicable separation, without conflict and without much hoping it, we simply desire it; for the public opinion of Europe could, by pronouncing itself in time, arrest a catastrophe which must seriously compromise its correspondent of the London News. which must seriously compromise its commer-

It is scarcely a year since the Emperor, with the boldness which springs from profound con-viction, inaugurated a new commercial policy, by adopting an economical system, destined to give agriculture and trade an impulse which would place France in the front rank among commercial nations and develope her maritime relations in all quarters of the world. Probirelations in all quarters of the world. Prohibition has ceased, and the commercial treaty of January 23, 1860, opens a way calculated to restablish the natural order of things and conduct France, gradually but infallibly, to a reform the most complete, and above all; the most radical. Everything conduces to lead us thither. Her nature, her conformation and her features show us the principle of commercial libraries above us the principle of commercial libraries. tures show us the principle of commercial lib-erty written in indelible characters.

These ideas naturally lead us to examine whether European predilections and interests are not on the wrong track in abandoning them.

ern States. The Northern section cannot change its commercial instincts; they are a consequence of its very nature. It will be after, as well as before the dissolution of the Union, in the future as is has been in the past, a country adapted exclusively to the raising of grain, with a commercial and manufacturing population, who struggle obstinately to obtain for their merchant marrine the entire of the traffic and transportation between Europe and the Southern States; her policy would lead her even to throw her menafactured productions on the Southern markets into which she endeavors by every means to pre vent the productions of European manufactures from entering. In other words, the North does

If, then, the development of their trade and ag-riculture, supported by the sympathies of Eu-rope, continued to progress, their prosperity would be a very serious danger to us, for sooner or later it would lead to the invasion of our own markets.

markets.

The South, on the contrary, produces two great staples which are, to Europe, objects of the highest necessity—cotton and tobacco. She is a producer of necessaries and a consumer of manufactured productions. Has it ever been seriously contemplated the commotion which the failure of a single cotton grop—which supports so many branches of trade, and, directly or indirectly, affords employment to more than ten millions of hands—would produce? Have we, at the same time, thought of the disturbance which would be created in the habits markets.

Have we, at the same time, thought of the dis-turbance which would be created in the habits of the working classes by the suppression of that other article which is to them so great a source of comfort?

In regard to tobacco, without mentioning the deficit in the State beget which would result from its annihilation, could our populations so easily forego a product which, more, perhaps, than, sugar, coffee and cotton, constitutes for them an imperious necessity. There is no need to disguise it, the deprivation of those two staples would assume amongst us the character

two staples which pay, almost entirely, for French manufactures sent to America, and which amount in value to more than 300,000,000

But let us continue. The South, far from having, like the North, rival interests with Europe, has, on the contrary, the same or rather co-relative interests. Confined, in short, to the extensive cultivation of those articles which Europe eaunot do without, the South has been compelled, up to the present, in spite of constant protests, to pay an enormous tribute to the North, in the shape of Custom House duties, for no other reason than to protect Northern manufacturing interests without any advantage to herself—at least, unless we choose to consider it an advantage for the South to aid against her will a government which does not fear to proclaim openly its sentiments of hostility and aversion. Mr. Lincoln has declared that the time for compromise has passed. The But let us continue. The South, far from

chant marine will be quite naturally substituted tor that of the North. Europe will double her exports, and the South, the population of which exceeds twelve millions, will exchange her productions for objects of European, and particular ly French workmanship. In fact, they have not forgotten that France was their mother country; and, faithful to the traditions of their fathers, they have preserved their manners and customs, and are well aware that France alone can furnish those thousand and one notions which crown her industry with renown.

nish those thousand and one notions which crown her industry with renown.

It suffices to call the attention of publicists to these tacts, in order that they may endeavor to moderate, in Europe, the too ardent desire of changing suddenly the position of one particular class of the human family. A nation cannot, with reason, desire the realization of its philo-

with reason, desire the realization of its philosophic aspiration at the cost of sacrifices, the very nature of which would at once compromise the individual wellbeing of its citizens and the commercial prosperity of the country.

The press which represents European interests will perhaps besitate to lavish further its boundless sulogies and approval on a policy, the practice of which would but hasten the ruin and destruction of Southern marts, which are, after all, its proper markets. all, its proper markets.

Let us not be deceived; the North exhibits so

much rashness and audacity only from the be-lief tanght it by the European press, that the inhabitants of the South, too weak in numbers to resist its attacks, will not find on this side of the Atlantic a single generous sentiment, much less a moral support. Will philanthropy so far blind European commerce as to make it forgetful of its own interests? We do not think so; and already England, profoundly moved, awakes at length to the reality; she begins to measure the whole extent of the disaster which menaces her manufactures; she no longer dis-guises the fact, in spite of her abolition tendencles, that her commercial interests depend in a great measure on the prosperity of the South, which Europe has a deep interest in seeing pre-

served, at least temporarily, her institutions, now attacked with so much vehemence.

The question is a plain one; we have previously said that the South, far from being the aggreesor, as it seems to be generally supposed was the victim of Northern pretensions. Those recent words of the Emperor also find an echo in the bottom of our hearts:—"France has no desire to meddle in any way where her inter-ests are not at stake; in fine, if she has sympathies for what is great and noble, she does not hesitate to condemn everything that vio-lates justice and the rights of nations." Public opinion will appreciate them on both sides of the Atlantic, and will find for the great inter-

The Inundation in Holland.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 11, 1861. Thank God the frightful desolation of our

inundated districts begins to abate, and the waters are returning to their natural channels. But what scenes of distress, agony and penury do they leave behind them! Some villages are entirely destroyed; not a vestige of a habitation remains to show that they were the dwelling place of man. Nearly 40,000 acres of cultiva-ted land have been submerged, and their culti-vators been driven from their dwellings to seek shelter in schools and churches, and to eat the

bread of charity.

The number of cattle drowned or killed it is impossible to state with accuracy, but it is said to amount to several thousand. This, however, is a slight calamity compared with the loss of human life, which, notwithstanding every effort made by the authorities to render assistance, has swollen to a high figure. When the dyke broke at Leeuwen, the waters rushed through broke at Leeuwen, the waters rushed through with such fearful violence as to carry all before them; houses, barns, and trees tumbled down very nature. It will be after, as well as before the dissolution of the Union, in the future as it crushing surength of the flood and the ice mas-sea? The descriptions seat me from the scene of desolation are really shocking. What the poor creatures, whose homely dwellings but recently afforded them a comfortable shelter, have had to encounter in the form of cold, nakedness and starvation, is almost incredible

Truth, indeed, in this case is strong er, much stranger than fiction. One family of eight has entirely disappeared—carried away by the flood, after enduring all the horror with which frost and hunger are always accompanied. Among all the survivors there is mourning, lamentation, and woe; not only on account of desolate homes, but on account of parents, children and friends whom this fearful plague of waters has wrenched from their embrace. Never, perhaps has the spirit of charity and love been so diffused among the people as it is now among the Dutch, as they listen to the tales of sorrow of the bereaved and the desolate. In unstinted measure they give their abundance through the length and breadth of the land. The King, attended by other members of the royal family, has just returned from a visit to the inundated districts, where he won for himself the affection of his smitten subjects by his bounty and sympathy. In a letter to the Minister of the Interior, he has decreed that, on the 19th inst., Interior, he has decreed that, on the 19th inst., (his birthday) a collection shall be made thro' the whole country, from door to door, for the benefit of the survivors of this fearful visitation, and, in addition to the 20,000 guilders he has already given, has headed the national subscription with a contribution of 40,000 guilders. No wonder that on his return yesterday from his mission of mercy he was halled, wherever he passed, with those acclamations which burst forth only from a nation's love and admiration.

Destitution and Discontent in Mississippi.

The Brandon (Miss.) Republican publishe the following proceedings of a meeting held in Smith county, in that State, for the purpose

prised 279 names, wanting from 20 to 500 bushels, and amounting in all to 24,736 bushels.—
Most of those sending are good, responsible men, but they cannot raise the money to pay for it, and it is the intention of Major Hawkins to lay the facts before those who have corn for sale, and try to induce them to sell corn on a credit till next fall. When the corn arrives an credit till next fall. When the corn arrives an agent will be appointed at each depot to measure out the corn and take the notes of those who get it, payable out of the next crop. This plan, if successful, will enable many men to make a crop this year who could not do it otherwise, because they have nothing for thomselves or their teams to eat. The people of Major Hawkins' neighborhood owe him a lasting debt of gratitude for his exertions in behalf of the poor and needy. God never breathed the breath of life into a purer or more honest man than Benjamin Hawkins. than Beojamin Hawkins.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

City Fire Insurance Company, Of New Haven.

ON THE SIST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1860, made to the Auditor of Ohlo, pursuant to the Statute of that State, entitled "An act to regulate Insurance Companies, not incorporated by the State of Ohlo," passed April 8, 1856.

NAME AND LOCALITION. lat. The name of the Company is the "City Fire Insurance Cempany" and is located at New Hawsn Connections.

The amount of its Capital Stock is. 8500 000 The amount of its Capital Stock paid up is 200 000 II ASSETS.

terest thereon, to wit:...

Bonds (as per Schedule)....

Par Value, \$10,500. Market Value, \$ 7,700 00

REDUCE THE PRICE

Par Value \$114,500. Market Value... 227,703 00

REDUCE THE PRICE ots due the Company, secur

ed by morgage, on unincum-bered Real Estate, as per 7. Debts for premiums...
8. All other securities consisting of Interest, Loans on calls rents, &c.....

TWENTY FIVE PER CENT. Total arrets of the Company ... III. LIABILITIES.

Losses revisted by the Co., \$9,400 00 Total liabilities \$15,006

STOCK

County of New Haven. President, and Levi B. Bradley, Wells Southworth. President, and Levi B. Bradley, Secretary of the City Fire Insulance Company, of New Haven, Connecticut, being severally aworn, depose and say, that the foregoing is a full. true and correct statement of the affaire of the raid Company—that the said Insurance Company is the bona fire owner of at least One Hundred Thousand Dollars of actual cash capital invested in Stocks and Bonds, or in Morigagus on Real Estate, worth double the amount for which the same is mort gaged; that the above described investments nor any part thereof, are made for the benefit of any individual exercising authority in the management of said Company, either as President. Recordiny, Treasurer, Director, or

part thereof, are made for the benefit of any individual exercising authority in the management of said Company, either as President, Secretary, Treasurer, Director, or otherwise; that the mortgages above described have not been assigned, nor in any manner released or impaired by said Company; and that they are the above described officers of said Insurance Company.

WELLS SOUTHWORTH, President,
LEVI B. BRADLEY, Secretary.
Subscribed and sworn before me, the Tist day of January, 1801,
JUNI S. GRAVES,
Justice of the Peace.

Office of the Acpiron of State, Columbus, O., January 28, 1861.

Certificate of Authority. (To expire on the 31st day of January, 1862.)

AUDITOR OF STATE'S OFFICE.

AUDITOR OF STATE'S OFFICE.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT
Columbus, Ghio, January 28, 1861.

WHEREAS, The CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, located at New Haven, in the State of Connecticut, has filed in this office a sworn statement of its condition, as required by the first section of the act "To regulate Insurance Companies not incorporated by the State of Ohio," pussed April 8, 1855; and WHEREAS, said company has furnished the undersigned satisfactory evidence that it is possessed of at least one hundred thousand dollars of actual capital invested in stocks, or in bonds, or in mortgaged; and, WHEREAS, said company has filed in this office a written instrument under its corporative seal, signed by the President and Secretary thereof, authorising any sgent or agents of said company in this State, to acknowledge service of process, for and in behalf of said company, consenting that such service of process, shall be taken and held to be as valid as if served upon the company, according to the laws of this or any process shall be taken and held to be as valid as if served upon the company, according to the laws of this or any other State, and waiving all claim or right of error, by reason of such acknowledgment of service.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the first section of the sirrend set. I. Robert W Taylor, Auditor of State for the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that said City Fire Insurance Company of New Haven, Connecticut, is authorized to transact the business of Fire Insurance in this State until the thirty-first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty two.

In Witness Whereof, I have herounte subscribed my
name and caused the seal of my office to be
affixed the day and year above written.
R. W. TAYLER,

J. H. WHEELER, Agent, COLUMBUS, OHIO No. 81, South High Street.

Irish Linen Goods. ARRANTED FARRIC
Linen Shirt Bosoms Pain and Fancy
Shirting and Bosom Linens.
Linen Sheetings and Fillow Gasings.
Linen Cambrica and Long Lawns.
Linen Towellings and Dispers
Linen Towellings and Dispers
Linen Towls Gloths and Batth Damasks.
Linen Towels with colored borders.
Linen Statz Coverings and Crash.
For sale at low prices.

BAIN & SON,
No. 29 South High street. ARRANTED FABRIC

No. 29 South H Ladies' Linen Pocket-Handk'fs. EMMEDSTITCHEDLINEN HAND

efs, very wide hems. idered Einen Handk's all prices new style cross stitched. Pine Apple do new patterns.

Misses' Piata and Hemmed Stitched do all prices omprising the most select assortment in the city. most select assortment in the city and BAIN & BON, No. 29 South High Street.

(Late of Phalon's Establishment, N. 1...) Proprietors the New York Fashlonable Shaving. Hair Cutting Shampooning, Curiting and Dressing Saloos. East State street, over the Post Office, where attaination will be given in all the various branches. Ladies and Children's Hair Dressing done in the best style.

1921-day

HERRENG! BEERE ING 11-30 bble Herring in alore, for mie by McKEE & RESTIEAUX. 34. North High street "For Medical Purposes."

DURE BRANDDIES, WINES, CORDIALS, AND BIT MALTENE & THREEAD LACE MITTS
of elegant qualities for Ladies; also, Misses' Mitts
a great variety
heres'

INTERESTINATE DESCRIPTION AND THE

NEW STORE.

From and after this date we shall

OF OUR WINTER GOODS

SPRING STOCK

Our assortment is still good,

and it is known to every

one that our

SO DO NOT FORGET THE

NO. 119

KNAPP & CO.,

SOUTH HIGH STREET,

COLUMBUS.

oct25-Pawd-s&w-Gr THE

5 Tons of Feathers and 50 Tons of

WEEKLY OHIO STATESMAN HAVING A CIRCULATION LARGER BY SEVERAL THOUSANDS

Which CANNOT FAIL to bring peedy and Remunerative Returns

Offers Facilities for Advertising

Reaches a Large Class of Readers Whose patronage is valuable, and who seldom see the

Limited Number of Advertisements Are inserted in its columns, appopriately and HANDSOMELY DISPLAYED!

THEY CARROT FAIL TO

Daily Editions of city journals; and as only

Attract Attention OF ALL! WHOLESALE DEALERS

Advertising in the WEEKLY STATESMAN will an

it advantagous in THE INCREASE OF TRADE Which is almost certain to follow an extensive dissemin AMONG COUNTRY DEALERS!

ADVERTISEMENTS INTENDED FOR The Weekly Statesman Should be handed in before Friday nech-SOMETHING NEW. HOWARD & CO'S AMERICAN WATCHES.

ALL AT NO. 83, SOUTH HIGH ST., AMERICAN WATCHES. manufactured by E. HOWARD & CO. Boston, Mass. These Watches are far superior to anything ever offered to the public, heretofore. Having the exclusive agency, I can self them at prices to suit the times. I have just received a large stock of AMERICAN WATCHES,

ured by APPLETON, TRACT, & CO ; also, a ENGLISH AND SWISS WATCHES,

moss husideson at corW. J. BAYAGE. BILL POSTING

AND DISTURBBUTUNG BILLISI JOHN H. STEKLEY

1 at will affend to the it's new Elect at hou POSTING AND DISTRIBUTING

RILLS IN THIS CITY.

INSURANON

and " eventue for Ro" " group will